# Introduction and Overview of IMO Energy Efficiency Work

Sveinung Oftedal
Norwegian Ministry of Climate and Environment

### The Introduction

### When was the need for an energy efficiency framework introduced to the IMO?

- 1. In the 1st IMO GHG Study (31 March 2000) reported to MEPC 45 it is recommended to «Start working on how to design emission standards for new and possibly also for existing vessels".
- 2. Resolution A.963(23) (5 Dec 2003) IMO POLICIES AND PRACTICES RELATED TO THE REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM SHIPS.
  - "URGES the Marine Environment Protection Committee to identify and develop the mechanism or mechanisms needed to achieve the limitation or reduction of GHG emissions from international shipping and, in doing so, to give priority to:
  - (a) the establishment of a GHG emission baseline;
  - (b) the development of a methodology to describe the GHG efficiency of a ship in terms of a GHG emission index for that ship. In developing the methodology for the GHG emission indexing scheme, the MEPC should recognize that CO2 is the main greenhouse gas emitted by ships;
  - (c) the development of Guidelines by which the GHG emission indexing scheme may be applied in practice. The Guidelines are to address issues such as verification;
  - (d) the evaluation of technical, operational and market-based solutions;

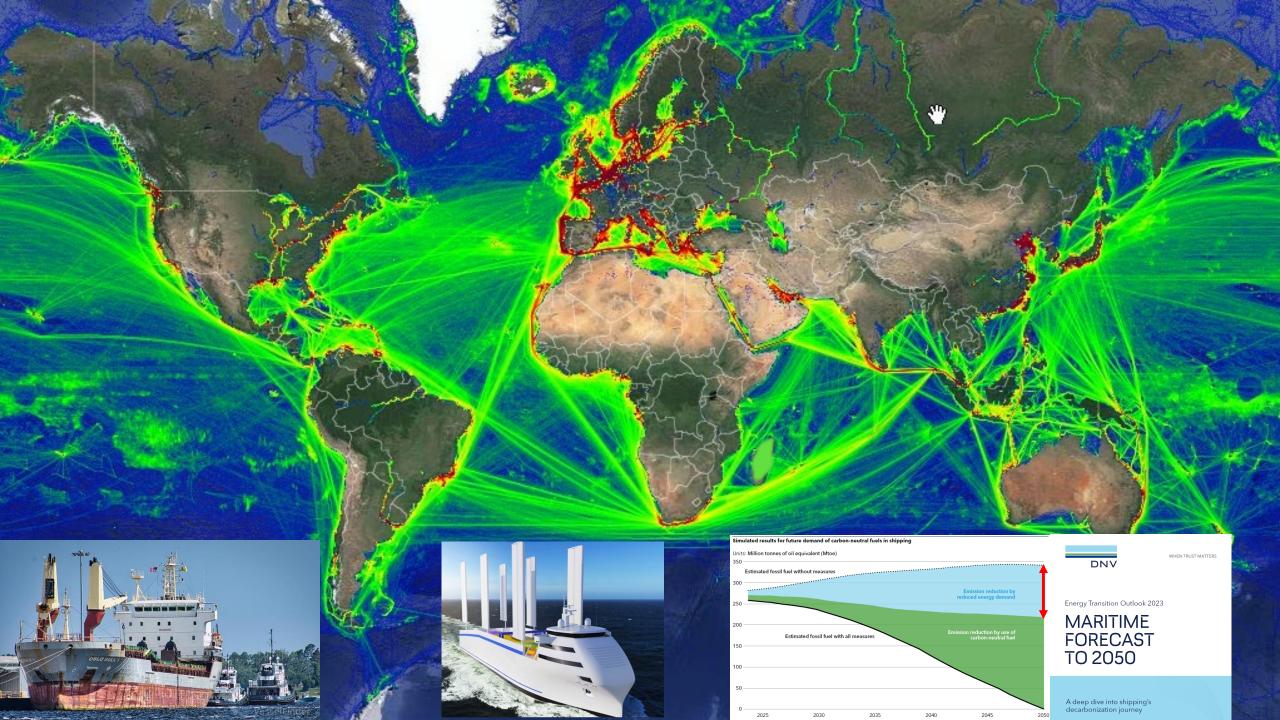


## The Outcome

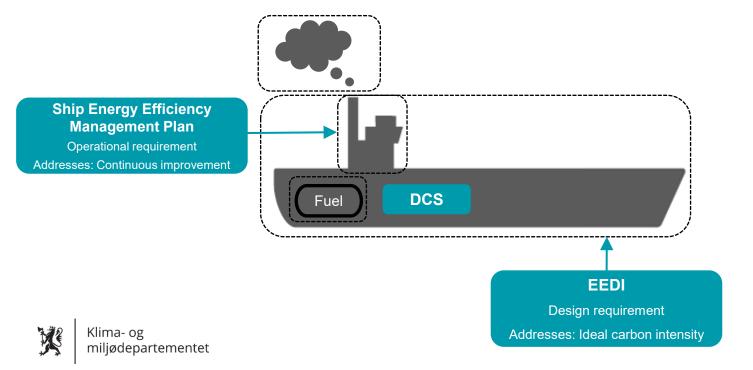
$$\frac{\left(\prod_{j=1}^{n} f_{j} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{nME} P_{ME(i)} \cdot C_{FME(i)} \cdot SFC_{ME(i)}\right) + \left(P_{AE} \cdot C_{FAE} \cdot SFC_{AE} *\right) + \left(\left(\prod_{j=1}^{n} f_{j} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{nPTI} P_{PTI(i)} - \sum_{i=1}^{neff} f_{eff(i)} \cdot P_{AEeff(i)}\right) C_{FAE} \cdot SFC_{AE}\right) - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{neff} f_{eff(i)} \cdot P_{eff(i)} \cdot C_{FME} \cdot SFC_{ME} *\right)}{f_{i} \cdot f_{c} \cdot f_{i} \cdot Capacity \cdot f_{w} \cdot V_{ref} \cdot f_{m}}$$

.....or perhaps a detailed presentation of the formula for caculation the attained Energy

Efficiency Design Index (EEDI) is not needed?



# Energy efficiency requirements



# The Gamechanger

Zero emissions

asap within this century

within 2100

2008

2020

2030

2040

2050

The Initial IMO Strategy on Reduction of GHG Emissions from Ships Adopted 13 April 2018



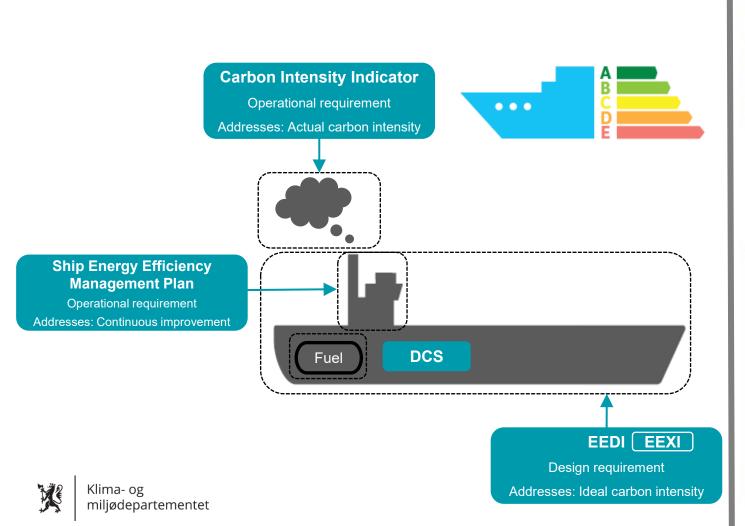
SWITZERLAND

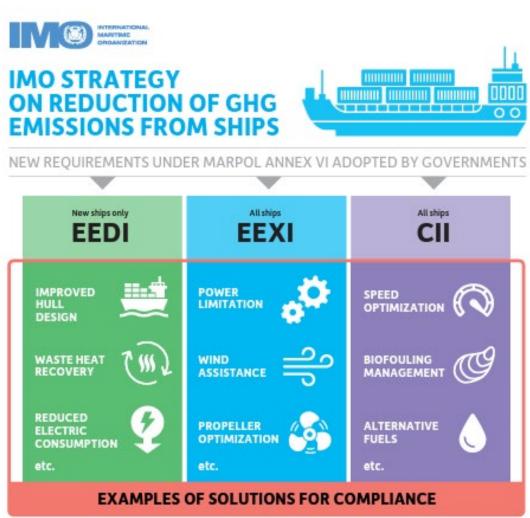
"We stand here at one of the most historic moments in IMO" IMO Secretary General - Kitack Lim

"A major step forward in global action to combat climate Change" UN Secretary General - António Guterres

# Energy efficiency requirements

# **Implications**





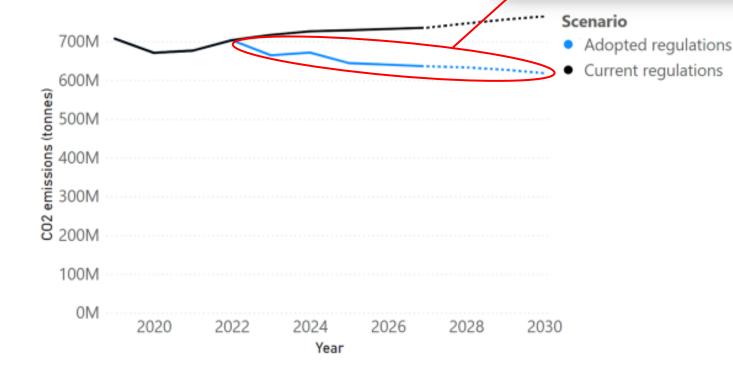
# «Short-Term GHG-measures» adopted

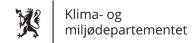
17 June 2021

Further shipping GHG emission reduction measures adopted

Will enter into force in November 2022









Initial IMO Strategy on reduction of GHG emissions:

Intensity: 40 % red.

2030

Total: 50 % red.

Intensity: 70 % red.

Zero emissions asap within this century

within 2100

Emission gap

2040

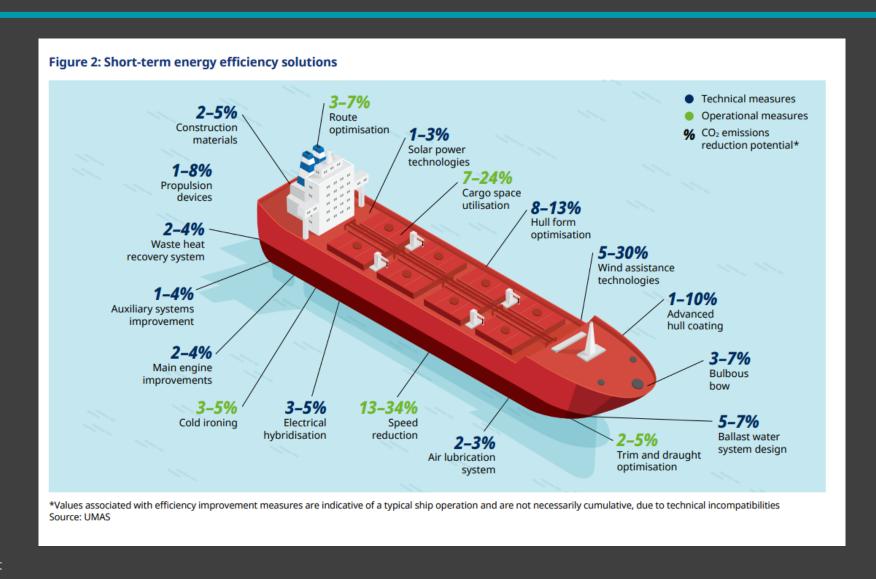
Vision and ambitions

Peak asap

2020

2008 as baseyear

# What is the energy efficiency potential?



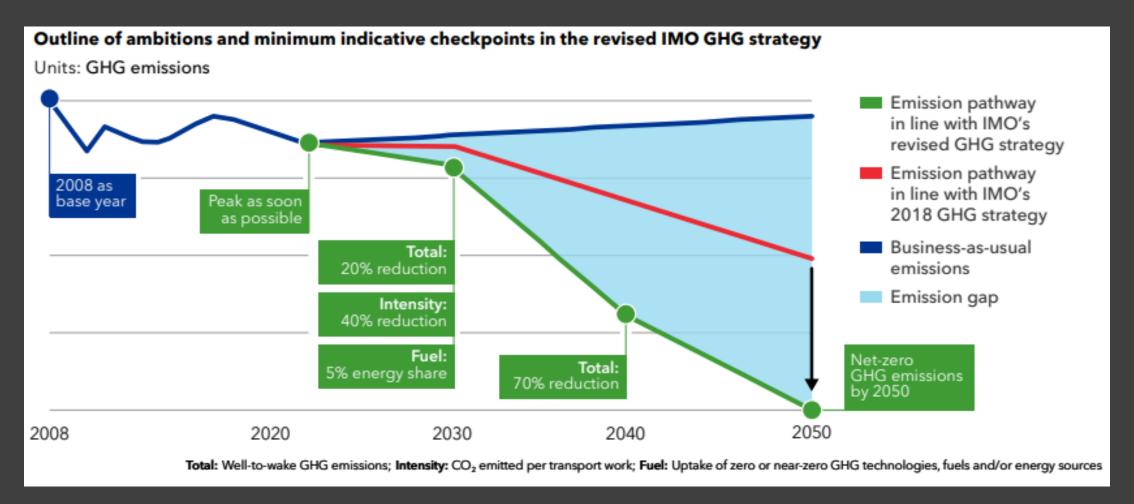


### Notes:

- · Numbers are based on more than 1000 plans for all vessel types relevant to the IMO CII framework
- Measures was planned implemented over the remaining lifetime of the vessels
- Numbers for plans made prior to MEPC 80 are included
- Segment specific measures are not included
- Measures for New Builds are not included (only existing vessels)
- · For operational measures the numbers indicate increased focus/improvement (some actions may already be initiated)



## MEPC 80 adopted the 2023 IMO GHG Strategy





### MEPC 80 agreed also a review plan for the Short-term measure (EEXI and CII)

### Content

- 1. effectiveness of the short-term measure in reducing the carbon intensity of international shipping;
- 2. experiences with enforcement of the short-term measure by flag and port States, including the review of (plans of) corrective actions, and the use of incentives by relevant stakeholders;
- 3. data needs and need for enhancement of the ship fuel oil consumption data collection system (IMO DCS);
- 4. impacts on States;
- 5. revision of the Z factor and CIIR values as set out in the CII guidelines G3 and G2 to reduce the carbon intensity of international shipping in accordance with regulation 20 of MARPOL Annex VI;
- 6. consideration on further amendment to the CII metrics, as set out in the CII guidelines G1;
- consideration of further amendments to the correction factors and voyage adjustments for CII (Guidelines G5);
- 8. application of the LCA Guidelines; and
- 9. any consequential amendments to existing instruments.

### Timeline

- Data gathering stage: from MEPC 80 to MEPC 82 (autumn 2024);
- 2. Data analysis stage:
  working group at MEPC 82
  to be continued by a
  correspondence group;
  and
- 3. Convention and Guidelines review stage: an intersessional working group between MEPC 82 and MEPC 83 (spring 2025) as well as a working group at MEPC 83.



### All need to come on board



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### Watch the videos!



